An evolutionary approach to PMS suggests that patterns of physical and psychosocial change across the menstrual cycle might be adaptive. This presentation will review the current state of knowledge about PMS, explain the evolutionary model developed, and present empirical data that bear on the evaluation of the evolutionary model.

Friday, November 14 at 4:00 PM
Lecture Hall 8

Lecture followed by reception and continued discussion.

Presented by EvoS: http://evolution.binghamton.edu/evos/